

**GULF COAST CLAIMS FACILITY ANNOUNCEMENT
OF
PAYMENT OPTIONS, ELIGIBILITY AND SUBSTANTIATION CRITERIA, AND
FINAL PAYMENT METHODOLOGY**

February 2, 2011

I. INTRODUCTION

The Gulf Coast Claims Facility (“GCCF”) seeks public comment pertaining to the next phase of the claims process. In particular, the GCCF invites all claimants and other interested parties to respond to the following draft proposal governing eligibility and substantiation criteria and payment methodologies for Final and Interim Claims. (NOTE: the “Quick Payment” option is always available to any claimant who received an Emergency Advance Payment or an Interim Payment.)

The public comment period will be open from Wednesday, February 2 through Wednesday, February 16, 2011. Thereafter, the GCCF will adopt final rules for adjudication and payment of all Final and Interim Claims.

During the past several months, the GCCF has sought the advice and guidance of experts who have studied the present and future condition of the Gulf. In addition, the GCCF has benefitted from the valuable input of individuals and businesses whose economic livelihood depends upon Gulf resources, including those involved in all aspects of tourism, commercial and charter fishing and other industries including shrimping, crabbing, oyster harvesting, etc. The GCCF has sought a comprehensive understanding of the impact caused by the Deepwater Horizon Incident (the “Oil Spill”) and its aftermath. Experts retained by GCCF have pored through various reports and studies pertaining to the future of the Gulf, and have compiled an extensive list of references. Copies of the expert opinions and the reference materials used, are attached to this Announcement. In adopting its final rules governing payment of all Final and Interim Claims, the GCCF is gathering facts from various sources in order to develop a credible and fair payment program.

The purpose of the two-week public comment period is to promote transparency and open discussion. Written comments received by the GCCF during the two-week public comment period will be made publicly available on the GCCF website. What follows is a draft proposal; it may be modified following input received during the comment period.

II. ELIGIBILITY AND SUBSTANTIATION CRITERIA

The GCCF proposes to adopt the following principles governing the eligibility and substantiation criteria applicable to Final and Interim Claims for individuals and businesses to receive a Final or an Interim Payment from the GCCF:

1. All individuals and businesses that incurred losses due to the Oil Spill are encouraged to file a Final or Interim Claim with the GCCF. Documentation of damage attributable to the Oil Spill is essential.
2. Final and Interim Payments are available for those claimants who can prove their damages due to the Oil Spill, or who can establish a physical injury or death caused by the Deepwater Horizon Incident and its aftermath.
3. As expressly indicated from the very beginning of the Emergency Advance Payment Program, the documentation requirements for receiving either a Final Payment or an Interim Payment are more rigorous and exacting than the minimal documentation requirements that governed administration of the Emergency Advance Payment Program. Each claimant is required to establish both actual financial loss and the connection between the loss and the Oil Spill. More detailed guidance on required documentation will be posted on the GCCF website to assist claimants in providing all necessary supporting documentation and to reduce or eliminate delay due to deficient submissions.
4. The GCCF will not presume that a given loss was or was not caused by the Oil Spill, regardless of whether or not the claimant received an Emergency Advance Payment. Each claim stands on its own merits, and the GCCF will evaluate each submission to determine whether a loss was caused by the Oil Spill. In all cases, there must be an identifiable link between an actual loss

and the Oil Spill. Evidence establishing this connection is required. For example, a claimant might provide documentation of cancelled orders for goods or services, disruptions to the supply of Gulf seafood, a termination of employment or reduction in wages that an employer confirms was caused by the Oil Spill, etc. Likewise, the GCCF will not presume that a claimant's 2010 income or profits would have been greater or less than the claimant's 2009 income or profits. Providing financial information about losses sustained in 2010 is but one form of proof, and will not be sufficient documentation for many individuals and businesses other than those claiming injury to specific property or a specific natural resource, e.g., a beach, a swimming area, fishing grounds, etc. Documentation linking the sustained losses to the Oil Spill will be required.

Individuals claiming physical injury or death due to the Oil Spill will be eligible to receive compensation from the GCCF. Such claims must be documented, proving that the physical injury or death is attributable to the Oil Spill and not some other cause. In cases where claimants assert a disability caused by the Oil Spill, evidence of partial or permanent disability, such as a Social Security or State Workers' Compensation determination of disability, will be required in order to determine the extent of any long term impact on the ability of the claimant to work in his/her chosen profession.

III. CALCULATION OF AWARDS FOR FINAL AND INTERIM PAYMENTS

The GCCF has retained scientific and economic experts to comprehensively research and review studies pertaining to the impact of the Oil Spill on Gulf resources. These experts also reviewed numerous studies analyzing the economic recovery rates from other major catastrophic events affecting tourism. In addition, the GCCF consulted with numerous individuals and businesses located in the Gulf region in order to understand the possible impact to individuals and Gulf businesses due to the Oil Spill. The GCCF's goal is to determine the impact of the Oil Spill on seafood harvests, the recovery rate for the tourism industry and the general Gulf economy. An effort has

been made by the GCCF to determine the length of time to full economic recovery and the related pattern of gradual recovery over time.

The GCCF will base its calculation of awards for Interim Payments on actual documented losses incurred by a claimant during the period immediately following the Oil Spill on April 20, 2010 and the date the Interim Claim is filed. For Final Payments, the GCCF will base its calculation on two important factors: (1) actual documented losses incurred by the claimant from the date the losses began since the Oil Spill on April 20, 2010, and (2) a future losses factor to value the risk of possible future losses as determined by the retained experts.

Having examined available expert opinions, studies, reports and comments the GCCF believes that based on the existing available data:

- There is evidence of a strong recovery underway. However, the GCCF has concluded that it is reasonable to base its future payment calculations on the principle that a full economic recovery in the Gulf region is likely (but not certain) within two to three years from the date of the Oil Spill.
- Prediction is not an exact science. In light of the uncertainty that remains, the GCCF believes that it is appropriate to provide claimants desiring to finally resolve their claim at this time with a payment that accounts for the inherent uncertainty concerning the future.
- The GCCF's conclusions are based on currently available data. The GCCF will undertake a renewed evaluation of available data every four months. If such re-evaluation suggests a change in the relative uncertainty concerning the future that warrants an adjustment to the payment for future risk, the GCCF will make the appropriate adjustment and will apply the adjustment to all claims submitted from that date forward. However, final claims previously submitted with complete documentation but not yet evaluated will be paid the higher of the future losses factor applicable at the time the claim submitted was completely documented, or the adjusted future losses factor.
- Any claimant who disagrees with the GCCF's approach regarding future payment calculations or is not ready to accept it, is free to opt for Interim Payments based

upon documented past damage, while awaiting further evidence of Gulf region economic recovery.

1. Actual Documented Losses – Once claimants have demonstrated a direct connection linking the sustained losses for past and present damages to the Oil Spill, eligible claimants will be compensated for documented losses directly caused by the Oil Spill incurred during the period immediately following the Oil Spill on April 20, 2010 and the date of the filing of an Interim or Final Claim with the GCCF (“the loss period”). (For many claimants, much of this documented loss has already been compensated by BP and the GCCF Emergency Advance Payment Program. Such compensation will be deducted from the claimant’s total payment offer.) The calculation of these actual documented losses will be based on a comparison to income from prior years for the same months (for example the average of income earned in 2008 - 2009 or another appropriate historical comparison deemed most relevant to the claimant’s experience). In these cases, the claimant’s actual loss will be determined by taking the difference between the claimant’s income during the loss period and the comparison period to arrive at the claimant’s actual loss. In other cases, for example for a “start-up” company which anticipated generating income in 2010, a different methodology will be employed.
2. Calculation of Future Losses – The calculation of future losses will be based upon the actual losses incurred during the period immediately following the Oil Spill on April 20, 2010 through December 31, 2010. The GCCF will use these actual documented 2010 losses to anticipate the gradual economic recovery expected to conclude within two to three years from the date of the Oil Spill. It is anticipated that, for all businesses other than oyster harvesting, recovery will continue in 2011 with full recovery expected in 2012. This gradual recovery anticipates that losses in 2011 will be approximately 70% of the actual documented losses in 2010. With continuation of the recovery,

the GCCF expects claimants will experience losses in 2012, but at an average of approximately 30% of the actual documented losses in 2010. Adding together the effect over 2011 and 2012, the Final Payment Offer will be equal to two times the actual documented losses in 2010.

The experts anticipate that individuals and businesses engaged in harvesting oysters destroyed as a result of the Oil Spill, or due to the diversion of fresh water into the Gulf in reaction to the Oil Spill, will likely require a longer recovery period than that experienced by other claimants, without the same degree of gradual recovery. Accordingly, the Final Payment Offer for those claimants will be equal to an amount four times the actual documented losses in 2010.

For claimants with actual documented losses in 2010 of \$500,000 or more, the GCCF will not automatically apply the future losses factor to claimant's actual 2010 total losses. The Final Payment calculation for these claimants will be determined on an individualized basis after analyzing input from the claimant as well as the experts retained by the GCCF. The Final Payment Offer will be the actual documented losses in 2010 and an additional amount to compensate for the recovery and risk of possible future losses.

3. In sum, eligible claimants will be paid two times actual documented 2010 losses due to the Oil Spill to compensate for all past and anticipated future losses (except, as described above for claimants with 2010 losses of \$500,000 or more). Eligible oyster harvesters will be paid four times actual documented 2010 losses due to the Spill to compensate for all past and anticipated future losses. (The Final Payment Offer will be reduced by compensation already received in Emergency Advance Payments from BP, the GCCF and other offsets.) If any claimant believes that the future of the Gulf continues to be uncertain and is not yet prepared to file a Final Claim, that Claimant may continue to file Interim Claims with the GCCF.

4. Final Payments or Interim Payments – The GCCF will pay eligible individuals or businesses either a Final Payment or an Interim Payment, as the claimant may request. The future losses factor, as determined by the GCCF, may be modified going forward as more information becomes available about the future of the Gulf Coast economy. It is, therefore, entirely possible that the future losses factor for determining the future impact of the Oil Spill in the Gulf will be increased or reduced as more information becomes available. Claimants should take this possibility into account in deciding whether to file an Interim Claim or a Final Claim.

For Claimants who have filed a Final Payment Claim with incomplete 2010 documentation, the GCCF will determine and calculate the claim based upon submitted documented actual 2010 losses. Claimant will have the option to accept the Final Payment Offer based upon submitted 2010 documentation of actual loss that was available to the GCCF for determination and calculation, or accept the payment of an Interim Payment Claim as an installment on the Final Payment Offer and request the re-evaluation of the Final Payment Claim after they have submitted additional documentation of 2010 losses.

EACH CLAIMANT'S FINAL PAYMENT OFFER AMOUNT WILL BE THE LARGER OF:

- (1) Two times each eligible Claimant's 2010 Actual Documented Losses (except for claimants with 2010 losses in excess of \$500,000); four times each eligible oyster harvester's 2010 Actual Documented Losses, or
- (2) The total actual documented losses through the date of the filing of the Final Claim.